BEHIND THE SCENES

AN ACTOR PREPARES

1. How long before the performance does George (the actor who plays Scar) arrive the theatre?	at
2. George believes it is fun to play the villain (Scar) in the story, why is this? Do you agree?	
3. Can you name different elements of the Scar costume?	
4. How much does the costume weigh? Why would the weight of the costume be consideration for the designer?	a
5. What makes The Lion King a particularly challenging production for George?	
	<u> </u>

Research: Choose a character and research their costume, find out as much as you can about how it is made and what materials are used. What does the design communicate to an audience?



ANSWERS

FROM SCREEN TO STAGE

- Creating the African Savannah live on stage; turning actors into animals.
- 2. Working with visionary director Julie Taymor plus a range of technical solutions including the latest in digital technology.
- The 'double event' the audience has to do two things at once, look at the animals represented on stage as well as being lost in the story and characters.
- **4.** More music was required to make the production longer, to express different aspects of the story and add depth to the characters and African contexts.

BEHIND THE STORY

- **1.** Homeland, exile, identity, Prodigal Son, finding your strength, love, loss, finding who you are.
- 2. Sunrise, masks, wheels used in puppets, Pride Rock.
- 3. The circle of life, balance.
- **4.** The circle of life represents each person's life journey, being part of a wider community and also sharing the planet as a whole.

MEET THE CHARACTERS

- Nala needs to step up and save the savannah. She makes the decision to go out and seek help. She has to convince Simba to return to the Pridelands to take up his rightful place as King.
- 2. Scar is no longer first in line to the throne.
- 3. In the beginning of the film 'The Circle of Life' is sung by a woman. Rafiki plays an integral role in Simba's personal development; she is conveyed more spiritually and as a guide to Simba and the audience. Her role has more depth in the stage show. The South African performer is cast in order to provide a rich, authentic cultural performance through language, interpretation and accent.
- Zazu is Mufasa's trusted adviser and occasionally provides childcare for Simba.
- **5.** Timon and Pumbaa provide a safe haven without responsibilities where he can run away from his problems.

AN ACTOR PREPARES

- 1. 5.30pm (2 hours) 6.15pm vocal warm up.
- 2. More to explore, building up the backstory.
- **3.** Motors, boom, mask, battery pack, wires, leather chaps, leotard, cage.
- 4. 15kg/2.5 stone.
- 5. Actor must work with masks, intricate costumes, different languages. The mask and puppets must look like an extension of the actor's body. It is important that the actors are so comfortable with the mask and puppets that it becomes second nature to move with them.

DISCOVER THE COSTUMES

- **1.** The double event.
- 2. Africa, Indonesia.
- 3. They would need to be light weight, flexible and durable.
- **4.** A natural, sun-baked appearance, dry hot African savannah.
- 5. Feather, silk, bone, wood.

MASKS AND PUPPETS

- 1. 300
- 2. Japan, Bunraku, African, Indonesian.
- **3.** Six people work in the puppetry department at 'The Lion King'.
- **4.** Carbon fibre, balsa wood, horse hair, peacock feathers.
- Puppets have to be durable, light, strong, have a natural look, usability.

SETTING THE SCENE

- 1. Back wall/backdrop.
- Pride Rock, Stampede, expanse of the African savannah, Scar's cave, jungle, Elephant Graveyard, night sky.
- 3. The wildebeest stampede.
- **4.** Tells the emotional story of the production, the mood, the atmosphere.



ANSWERS

BEING A LION KID

- To divide the pressure of eight performances a week between a team and so that they don't miss too much school.
- 2. Warm up, make up, get into costume.
- 3. Learn songs, choreography, learn staging and be joyful!
- **4.** They have to continue to go to school and complete their homework.

MAKING THE MUSIC

- 1. Origins of the music, Pop (Elton John) African (Lebo M), 'Rhythm of the Pridelands'.
- **2.** Add depth to the story, score and characters. Julie Taymor describes this as 'spiritual'.
- African drums are the 'heartbeat' of the show. Drums
 play an important role in African society, bringing people
 together and being played at community events and
 celebrations.
- **4.** The percussionists are in the boxes at the side of the auditorium.

DANCE AND MOVEMENT

- Conveys the story and our understanding of the animal characters.
- 2. Creates the movement and dance within the show.
- Isolation, precision: Julie discusses a lion, cheetah, Mufasa, Scar. Celise discusses lioness and hyenas. The movement reflects the character and changes as they do.
- 4. Hip Hop, Jazz, Modern, African, Caribbean, Ballet.
- **5.** Dance provides the vocabulary for the production; feelings and emotions of the characters will be conveyed through the movement.



CURRICULUM LINKS, PRIMARY

EPISODE FOUR - AN ACTOR PREPARES

	LOWER KEY STAGE 2 - English
Spoken language	 give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
Reading Comprehension	 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence

	UPPER KEY STAGE 2 - English
Spoken language	 give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
Reading Comprehension	 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas provide reasoned justifications for their views

CURRICULUM LINKS, SECONDARY

EPISODE FOUR - AN ACTOR PREPARES

BTEC Entry level / Level 1 Performing Arts		
Unit 1: Introduction to the Performing Arts	 2. Know about performance roles in performance venues 3. Know about non-performance roles in performance venues 	
Unit 14: Working in the Performing Arts	 1. Know what skills and training are required for jobs in performing arts 2. Know what opportunities there are for progression in performing arts 	
Unit 16: 2 Know job roles in the performing arts industry	• 2. Know job roles in the performing arts industry	